Local Government Type:	1 Othor	Local Government Nam City of Wyandotte	ne:		County			
City Township Village	Other		l _D	Assauptant F	Wayne		- 01-1	
Audit Date	Opinion D				Report Submitted To State:			
September 30, 2004 January 7, 2005 March 11, 2005 We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government and rendered an opinion on financial statements prepared in according to the financial statements.							red in accordance	
with the Statements of the Governmenta Counties and Local Units of Government	al Accountii	ng Standards Board (GAS	SB) and the <i>Úi</i>	niform Reporting				
We affirm that: 1. We have complied with the <i>Bulletin f</i> 2. We are certified public accountants r			rnment in Michi	igan as revised.				
We further affirm the following. "Yes" res and recommendations.	ponses ha	ve been disclosed in the fi	inancial statem	ents, including the	e notes, or in	the re	port of comments	
yes ⊠ no 2. There are accum yes □ no 3. There are instanc yes □ no 4. The local unit has order issued und yes □ no 5. The local unit hol [MCL 129.91] or yes □ no 6. The local unit has	ent units/fur ulated defices of non- s violated th er the Eme ds deposits P.A. 55 of s been delii	nds/agencies of the local of this uncits in one or more of this uncompliance with the Uniform conditions of either an of ergency Municipal Loan Aras/investments which do not 1982, as amended [MCL inquent in distributing tax in	unit's unreserve orm Accounting rder issued und ct. ot comply with s 38.1132]) revenues that w	d fund balances/r and Budgeting A ler the Municipal F statutory requirem were collected for	etained earni act (P.A. 2 of Finance Act of ments. (P.A. 2 another taxii	ings (I 1968, r its re 0 of 1 ng uni	as amended). equirements, or an 943, as amended	
(normal costs) in normal cost requi	the curren irement, no es credit ca	ne Constitutional requirement year. If the plan is more contributions are due (pards and has not adopted atted an investment policy a	e than 100% for aid during the y an applicable p	unded and the ov rear). olicy as required	erfunding cre by P.A. 266 c	edits a of 199	are more than the	
We have enclosed the following:				Enclosed	To Be Forward		Not Required	
The letter of comments and recommend								
Reports on individual federal assistance	programs	(program audits).					\boxtimes	
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).								
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)): P [LANTE & MOF	RAN, PLI	_C				
Street Address City State ZIP)	
27400 Northwestern Hwy Southfield MI 48034							034	
Accountant Signature			•		1			
Plante : Moran,	PLLC							

Financial Report September 30, 2004



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Wyandotte, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wyandotte, Michigan as of and for the year ended September 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Wyandotte, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wyandotte, Michigan as of September 30, 2004 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis, retirement system schedule of funding progress, and the budgetary comparison schedules as identified in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Wyandotte, Michigan

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Wyandotte, Michigan's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information as identified in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 7, 2005 on our consideration of the City of Wyandotte, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide opinions on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

January 7, 2005



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Wyandotte, Michigan's (the "City") financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2004. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended September 30, 2004:

- State-shared revenue, our second largest revenue source, was reduced by the State of Michigan by approximately \$388,000 this year as compared to the reduction of \$250,000 in the prior year. This represents a decrease of 10.2 percent in addition to the 6.1 percent decrease that occurred in the prior year. The City has faced a cumulative decrease of 22.76 percent since 2000.
- Due to the low-interest rate environment and reduction in surplus funds, General Fund investment earnings decreased 9.3 percent in the current year as opposed to the 80 percent decrease that occurred in the prior year. This reduction represented an \$11,000 decrease in revenue in the current year compared to last year. The prior year saw a reduction in revenue of \$95,000 compared to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2002.
- The City reacted to the above reductions in revenue by reducing discretionary spending amounts where possible or holding these amounts to the same level as the prior year, eliminating personnel positions when vacancies occurred, and reducing certain elements of health care coverage. These actions resulted in a General Fund fund balance decrease of \$283,706 in the current year as compared to a decrease of \$44,629 in the prior year.
- Property tax revenue is the City's single, largest source of revenue. The City's 2003 taxable value (levied for the 2004 fiscal year) was \$591,388,000 (ad valorem), which represents an increase of \$18,254,000 or 3.2 percent in the current year. Increases in ad valorem taxable values in non-TIFA districts totaled 1.6 percent in the current year.
- The City continued the sharing agreement with the Consolidated Tax Increment Finance Authority. This sharing agreement returned approximately \$1,200,000 to the General Fund in the current year compared to \$1,161,000 in the prior year. Portions of these funds were used to defray annual operating costs with the remainder being contributed to the City of Wyandotte Retirement System.
- The City's Reserve for Retiree Health & Life Insurance was faced with a deficit position at the beginning of the fiscal year. Consequently, a transfer of \$1,600,000 was made from the Hospital Endowment Reserve of the Retirement System in order to pay the current year's expenditures for retiree health care coverage. Sources of funding for future expenditures have not been identified. Thus, it will be likely that the General Fund will be required to assume the funding of these obligations in the future.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

- The City utilized the charter-authorized debt millage to fund the repayment of the bonds sold to construct the Department of Public Service facility and to fund the anticipated construction of a new police/court facility.
- In reaction to the difficult financial environment facing the City, a review of the operational
 environment within the City was undertaken. The purpose of the review was to identify
 areas of operations that could be improved to provide better customer service at a reduced
 cost. Numerous recommendations were identified that would yield positive financial results
 to the City. The City is currently reviewing these issues and prioritizing their
 implementation.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The City as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of September 30, 2004 and 2003 (in thousands of dollars):

TABLE I

	Govern	nmental					
	Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	
Assets							
Current assets	\$ 43,654	\$ 42,061	\$ 13,282	\$ 14,029	\$ 56,936	\$ 56,090	
Noncurrent assets	71,074	73,126	92,439	94,569	163,513	167,695	
Total assets	114,728	115,187	105,721	108,598	220,449	223,785	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	27,777	26,071	7,684	8,664	35,461	34,735	
Long-term liabilities	5,375	5,736	52,065	54,515	57,440	60,251	
Total liabilities	33,152	31,807	59,749	63,179	92,901	94,986	
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets - Net							
of related debt	63,973	65,256	25,983	25,773	89,956	91,029	
Restricted	4,128	5,271	11,914	9,458	16,042	14,729	
Unrestricted	13,475	12,853	8,075	10,188	21,550	23,041	
Total net assets	\$ 81,576	\$ 83,380	\$ 45,972	\$ 45,419	\$ 127,548	\$ 128,799	

The City of Wyandotte, Michigan has combined net assets of \$128 million in the current year compared to \$129 million in the prior year. Business-type activities comprise \$46 million and \$45 million of the total net assets in the respective years.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table shows the changes of the net assets during the fiscal years ended September 30, 2004 and 2003 (in thousands of dollars):

TABLE 2

1, 1022 2	Governmental			ntal	Busine	ss-type		
		Activ	/itie	s	Acti	vities	To	tal
		2004		2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
Revenue								
Program revenue:								
Charges for services	\$	5,169	\$	5,179	\$ 34,381	\$ 34,082	\$ 39,550	\$ 39,261
Operating grants and contributions	•	2,051		1,801	-	-	2,051	1,801
Capital grants and contributions		750		821	447	304	1,197	1,125
General revenue:								
Property taxes		10,508		9,968	-	-	10,508	9,968
State-shared revenue		3,440		3,828	-	-	3,440	3,828
Unrestricted investment earnings		370		574	649	1,168	1,019	1,742
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(11)			(40)	55	(19)	44	(59)
Transfers and other revenue		1,288		974	713	700	2,001	1,674
Total revenue		23,565		23,105	36,245	36,235	59,810	59,340
Program Expenses								
General government		8,003		7,515	-	-	8,003	7,515
Public safety		8,639		8,181	-	-	8,639	8,181
Public works		6,262		6,174	-	=	6,262	6,174
Community and economic development		477		475	-	-	477	475
Recreation and culture		1,808		1,669	-	-	1,808	1,669
Interest on long-term debt		180		196	-	-	180	196
Business-type	_		_		35,691	34,760	35,691	34,760
Total program expenses		25,369		24,210	35,691	34,760	61,060	58,970
Change in Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>(1,804</u>)	\$	<u>(1,105</u>)	<u>\$ 554</u>	<u>\$ 1,475</u>	<u>\$ (1,250)</u>	\$ 370

Governmental Activities

The City's total governmental revenues increased by approximately \$460,000, or 2.0 percent, in the current year compared to an increase of \$1,184,000, or 8.1 percent, in the prior year. The current year increase can be attributed to the growth in property tax revenue and additional amounts received through the sharing agreements offset by decreases in state-shared revenue, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest income. The significant increase in the prior year also was primarily due to additional property tax revenue collected and additional amounts received through the sharing agreement with the Tax Increment Finance Authority. Note that the prior year increases in revenue were largely offset by corresponding increases in operating transfers to other funds for nonoperating purposes, which continued during the current year.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Expenses increased by approximately \$1,159,000, or 4.79 percent, in the current year compared to an increase of \$1,208,000 during the prior year. Current year increases were primarily due to the rising cost of health care insurance, increased contributions to the City's defined benefit retirement plan, planning costs for the construction of a new police/court facility, and inflationary pressures offset by reductions in personnel. Increases in the prior year were attributable to large increases in health care costs and property and liability insurance rates, as well as additional costs to operate the consolidated 27th District Court. To offset this, the City closely monitored its spending in all other areas, including replacement and use of personnel, and deferred nonessential expenditures to future periods.

Business-type Activities

The City's business-type activities consist of the Electric Fund, Water Fund, Cable Television Fund, Sewage Disposal Fund, Municipal Golf Course Fund, and Commercial Building Rental Fund. We provide electric, water, and cable television service to residents from city-owned facilities. We provide sewage treatment via the Downriver Sewage Disposal System, which is co-owned with 13 communities and operated by the County of Wayne. Wyandotte Shores Golf Course is owned and operated by the City and offers golfers a nine-hole links-style course on the shores of the Detroit River. The Commercial Building Rental Fund accounts for the activity of the city-owned commercial building at 3200 Biddle Avenue.

The operating results of the Sewage Disposal Fund indicate operating income of \$623,673 in the current year and \$767,000 in the prior year, which is consistent with the City's expectations and rate-setting methodology.

The Electric Fund's operating revenue declined slightly for the year by 1.31 percent as the residential customer class billings were approximately \$200,000 less than the prior year. Operating expenses increased by 3.0 percent as a result of higher power production costs. Consequently, operating income decreased by approximately \$938,000 or 54 percent.

The Water Fund's operating revenue increased approximately 30.5 percent in the current year, as a result of the Commission reclassifying an infrastructure charge (previously reported as a nonoperating revenue) to a component of the base water utility rates. Unfortunately, the Water Fund again realized an operating loss during this fiscal year of \$119,523 as opposed to last year's operating loss of \$517,000.

The Cable Television Fund's operating revenue increased by 5.3 percent, due mainly to an increase in Internet revenue of \$257,000, or 22 percent. The Cable Television Fund's operating income decreased by approximately \$35,000, or 22 percent, as a result of increases in operating expenses (particularly royalties paid for satellite programming services).



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Municipal Golf Course showed an operating loss of approximately \$71,000 in the current year as compared to \$282,000 in the prior year. The improvement in financial performance can be attributed to the reduction in expenditures for personnel and course maintenance from the prior year as well as increased number of green fees. Unfortunately, the facility continues to operate at a loss which can be attributed to macro-economic conditions, the proliferation of golf courses in the area, and inherent limitations surrounding the operation of a nine-hole facility.

The city-owned commercial building realized net income of approximately \$190,000, which is positive in light of the City's desire to acquire the building at no cost to the taxpayers.

The City's Funds

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 13, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. The City Council creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities. The City's major funds for 2004 include the General Fund, the Major Streets Fund, the Local Streets Fund, and the Solid Waste Disposal Fund.

The General Fund pays for most of the City's governmental services. The most significant is public safety, which incurred expenses of approximately \$7.3 million, or 51 percent, of the total General Fund expenditures in the current year as compared to \$7.11 million, or 51 percent, of the total General Fund expenditures in the prior fiscal year. Additional noteworthy expenditures include public works (\$2.71 million, or 19 percent, in the current fiscal year as compared to \$2.52 million, or 18 percent, of total expenditures in the prior fiscal year) and recreation and culture (\$1.10 million, or 7.7 percent, of total expenditures in the current fiscal year compared to \$1.14 million, or 8 percent, of total expenditures in the prior fiscal year).

The Major and Local Streets Funds are responsible for the construction and maintenance of the road system within the city. Funding for these activities is primarily derived from taxes on motor vehicles and motor vehicle fuels. Expenditures in these funds were used for road construction, resurfacing, maintenance, plowing, salting, cleaning, and traffic services. Expenditures totaled approximately \$970,000 in the current fiscal year compared to \$1.1 million in the prior fiscal year for the Major Streets Fund and \$2.3 million in the current fiscal year and \$1.2 million in the prior fiscal year for the Local Streets Fund. The increase in the expenditures for the Local Streets Fund in the current year was primarily due to a significant joint sealing program and the completion of numerous reconstruction projects, which were deferred from the prior year.

The Solid Waste Disposal Fund provides for solid waste rubbish collections and disposal for city residents and businesses. Funding is primarily derived from a tax levy dedicated for solid waste disposal purposes. This tax levy totaled \$1.31 million in the current fiscal year and \$1.29 million in the prior fiscal year. User fees, totaling \$294,000 in the current year and \$277,000 in the prior year, also support certain elements of the disposal programs. Expenditures for rubbish collection and disposal totaled \$1.6 million in the current year and \$1.3 million in the prior fiscal year.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the City budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories:

- Amendments and supplemental appropriations approved shortly after the beginning of the year to include projected expenditures that were not completed at the end of the prior fiscal year
- Changes made throughout the year to account for revised estimates based on new or better knowledge and new projects that the Council desired to pursue
- Increases in appropriations to prevent budget overruns

Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$569,000 less than budgeted. This is primarily attributable to the management of personnel costs when vacancies arose and the hiring freeze, which was implemented during the fiscal year.

The most significant changes were reductions in revenue expectations for state-shared revenue of \$304,000 and investment earnings of \$100,000, additional appropriations for overtime for the police and fire department of \$76,000 and health care costs of \$98,000, and the contract settlement with Public Works employees of \$36,000.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The City is currently in the planning stages to construct a new police and district court facility adjacent to the current facility. This project is estimated to cost \$10.3 million and be funded through the sale of general obligation bonds. It is anticipated that the debt service will be repaid through the use of the charter-authorized debt levy and contributions from the Tax Increment Finance Authority. The charter-authorized debt levy was levied this year to fund the future sale of bonds for this project.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's budget for next year will continue to face a number of negative factors including reductions in state-shared revenue, lower investment earnings, escalating health care costs, depletion of reserve funds previously relied upon by the City, and lack of significant growth in property tax revenue due to the impact of Proposal A and the Headlee Amendment. Thus, the City needs to continue to monitor the budget very closely. No local tax increase is expected in the future but the delivery of services may be curtailed if the financial pressures continue.

Contacting the City's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the clerk's office.

plante moran

Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2004

		Primary Government						
	G	overnmental	Bu	siness-type	Total			Component
		Activities		Activities				Units
Assets								
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	33,994,742	\$	5,721,854	\$	39,716,596	\$	7,323,318
Receivables - Net:								
Taxes		5,295,305		-		5,295,305		2,467
Special assessments		978,514		-		978,514		-
Customer		-		4,211,858		4,211,858		-
Accrued interest and other		821,263		-		821,263		147,372
Note receivable		218,131		-		218,131		-
Due from other governmental unit		1,472,918		-		1,472,918		-
Accounts receivable from component unit (Note 10)		279,948		-		279,948		-
Accounts receivable from primary government (Note 10)		-		_		_		2,787,705
Internal balances		435,996		(435,996)		_		_,, _,,
Fuel, materials, supplies, and other inventories		, -		2,280,439		2,280,439		_
Prepaid insurance and other current assets		157,093		1,503,359		1,660,452		_
Noncurrent assets:		137,073		1,303,337		1,000, 132		
Internal balances - Advances (Note 10)		1,231,548		(1,231,548)		_		
		1,231,340		13,078,445		- 13,078, 44 5		-
Restricted assets (Note 5) Bond issuance costs		-		791,786				-
		-		/71,/00		791,786		-
Real estate inventory (Note 7)		194,467		-		194,467		1,155,724
Investment in joint venture (Note 8)		1,470,000		-		1,470,000		-
Nondepreciable capital assets (Note 9)		18,277,347		145,000		18,422,347		=
Capital assets - Net (Note 9)	_	49,900,611		79,655,448	_	129,556,059		-
Total assets		114,727,883		105,720,645		220,448,528		11,416,586
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		1,958,156		1,914,955		3,873,111		441,340
Due to other governmental units		9,247,975		-		9,247,975		-
Accounts payable to component units (Note 10)		2,787,705		-		2,787,705		-
Accounts payable to primary government (Note 10)		-		-		-		279,948
Accrued and other liabilities		512,291		803,286		1,315,577		176,988
Deposits		1,245,477		706,763		1,952,240		-
Deferred revenue (Note 4)		10,715,341		172,664		10,888,005		4,167,523
Compensated absences due within one year		756,301		606,657		1,362,958		-
Debt due within one year (Note 11)		553,634		3,479,148		4,032,782		1,135,244
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets		-		3,585,006		3,585,006		-
Long-term general liability and workers' compensation								
claims (Note 12)		904,692		562,296		1,466,988		_
Compensated absences due in more than one year (Note 11)		819,326		-		819,326		_
Debt due in more than one year (Note 11)		3,650,941		47,918,012		51,568,953		4,503,756
, , ,			_		_			
Total liabilities	_	33,151,839		59,748,787	_	92,900,626		10,704,799
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt		63,973,383		25,983,288		89,956,671		-
Restricted:								
Construction and other expenditures		2,826,027		3,836,468		6,662,495		-
Major and local streets projects		1,149,237		-		1,149,237		-
Debt service		152,053		8,076,971		8,229,024		-
Unrestricted		13,475,344	_	8,075,131		21,550,475		711,787
Total net assets	\$	81,576,044	\$ 4	45,971,858	\$	127,547,902	\$	711,787



					Progra	am Revenues		
	Expenses		Cha	rges for Services		erating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Functions/Programs								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	8,002,699	\$	1,044,809	\$	16,500	\$	-
Public safety		8,638,807		1,875,032		172,915		130,232
Public works		6,262,470		1,451,433		1,806,730		228,446
Community and economic development		476,691		57,845		54,932		155,267
Recreation and culture		1,807,912		740,223		=		235,580
Interest on long-term debt		180,524						
Total governmental activities		25,369,103		5,169,342		2,051,077		749,525
Business-type activities:								
Electric		24,386,757		22,778,734		-		-
Water		2,483,823		2,364,244		-		446,746
Cable television		5,482,980		5,487,979		-		-
Sewage disposal		2,296,758		2,717,504		-		-
Golf course		380,174		309,542		-		-
Building rental fund		660,300		723,025		-		
Total business-type activities		35,690,792		34,381,028				446,746
Total primary government	<u>\$</u>	61,059,895	\$	39,550,370	\$	2,051,077	\$	1,196,271
Component units:								
Tax Increment Finance Authorities -								
Consolidated Development Area	\$	4,578,607	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Tax Increment Finance Authorities -								
Downtown Development Area		884,235		20,974		-		_
Downtown Development Authority		26,975		<u> </u>				
Total component units	<u>\$</u>	5,489,817	\$	20,974	\$		\$	

General revenues:

Property taxes

State-shared revenues

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain (loss) on sale of assets

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets (Deficit) - Beginning of year

Net Assets - End of year

Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2004

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

		Primary Government		
G	overnmental	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	 Total	Component Units
\$	(6,941,390)	\$ -	\$ (6,941,390)	\$ -
	(6,460,628)	-	(6,460,628)	-
	(2,775,861)	-	(2,775,861)	-
	(208,647)	-	(208,647)	-
	(832,109)	-	(832,109)	-
	(180,524)		 (180,524)	
	(17,399,159)	-	(17,399,159)	-
	-	(1,608,023)	(1,608,023)	-
	-	327,167	327,167	-
	-	4,999	4,999	-
	-	420,746 (70,632)	420,746 (70,632)	-
	<u> </u>	62,725	 62,725	<u>-</u>
		(863,018)	 (863,018)	
	(17,399,159)	(863,018)	(18,262,177)	-
	_	-	-	(4,578,60
				(0/2.2/
	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	- -	(863,26 (26,97
	-	-	-	(5,468,84
	10,508,259	-	10,508,259	6,550,13
	3,440,295	-	3,440,295	-
	369,967	649,473	1,019,440	55,50
	(11,432)	54,563	43,131	1,137,98
	2,000,583	-	2,000,583	488,23
	(712,824)	712,824	 	
	15,594,848	1,416,860	 17,011,708	8,231,86
	(1,804,311)	553,842	(1,250,469)	2,763,01
	83,380,355	45,418,016	 128,798,371	(2,051,23
5	81,576,044	\$ 45,971,858	\$ 127,547,902	\$ 711,78



Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2004

	<u> </u>	ieneral Fund	Ma	ajor Streets Fund	Local Streets Fund		Solid Waste Disposal		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		G 	Total overnmental Funds
Assets												
Cash and investments	\$	23,571,629	\$	793,424	\$	413,846	\$	664,687	\$	5,871,471	\$	31,315,057
Receivables:												
Taxes		4,726,272		-		-		349,082		219,951		5,295,305
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		978,514		978,514
Accrued interest and other		515,630		-		-		21,339		105,616		642,585
Note receivable		-		-		-		-		218,131		218,131
Due from other governmental units		1,073,307		202,009		74,852		-		122,750		1,472,918
Accounts receivable from component unit		-		-		-		-		26,100		26,100
Long-term interfund receivable (Note 10)		-		-		-		-		1,231,548		1,231,548
Due from other funds (Note 10)		525,051		26,585		166,545		1,053,584		943,221		2,714,986
Real estate inventory (Note 7)		-		-		-		-		194,467		194,467
Prepaid insurance and other current assets	_	157,093				<u> </u>					_	157,093
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	30,568,982	<u>\$</u>	1,022,018	<u>\$</u>	655,243	<u>\$</u>	2,088,692	<u>\$</u>	9,911,769	<u>\$</u>	44,246,704
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	976,208	\$	170,417	\$	179,567	\$	292,424	\$	281,257	\$	1,899,873
Due to other governmental units		9,247,975		-		-		-		-		9,247,975
Due to other funds (Note 10)		5,539,893		1,837		176,203		717		409,519		6,128,169
Accounts payable to component units		2,587,705		-		-		-		200,000		2,787,705
Accrued and other liabilities		440,916		-		-		-		-		440,916
Deposits		1,245,477		-		-		-		-		1,245,477
Deferred revenue (Note 4)	_	9,304,545	_		_	-	_	1,390,597	_	1,892,167	_	12,587,309
Total liabilities		29,342,719		172,254		355,770		1,683,738		2,782,943		34,337,424
Fund Balances												
Reserved for:												
Long-term assets		-		-		-		-		1,231,548		1,231,548
Construction and other expenditures		-		-		-		-		2,978,080		2,978,080
Unreserved:												
General Fund		1,226,263		-		-		-		_		1,226,263
Special Revenue Funds (Note 13)		<u>-</u>	_	849,764	_	299,473	_	404,954	_	2,919,198		4,473,389
Total fund balances		1,226,263		849,764		299,473		404,954		7,128,826		9,909,280
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	30,568,982	\$	1,022,018	\$	655,243	\$	2,088,692	\$	9,911,769	\$	44,246,704



Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Assets Year Ended September 30, 2004

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 9,909,280
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds	68,177,958
The investment in joint venture is not recorded in the funds	1,470,000
A portion of special assessment and other receivables is expected to be collected over several years and is not available to pay for current year expenditures	1,871,968
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(4,204,575)
Compensated absences are included as a liability in governmental activities	(1,575,627)
Accrued interest is not recorded in the funds	(71,375)
Internal Service Funds are included as part of governmental activities	 5,998,415
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 81,576,044



			Ma	ajor Streets	Lo	Local Streets		olid Waste
	G	eneral Fund		Fund		Fund		Disposal
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	8,280,745	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,309,749
Licenses and permits	•	638,830	•	_	•	_	•	-
Federal sources		57,783		_		32,401		_
State sources		3,446,055		1,240,417		459,192		_
Charges for services		2,288,787		-		-		293,787
Fines and forfeitures		1,214,197		-		-		, -
Interest		106,745		196,087		5,819		5,827
Other		<u> </u>		72,221		738,819		<u> </u>
Total revenue		16,033,142		1,508,725		1,236,231		1,609,363
Expenditures								
General government		3,138,113		-		-		103,000
Public safety		7,317,515		-		-		-
Public works		2,712,525		970,867		2,291,670		1,477,968
Community and economic development		21,705		-		-		-
Recreation and culture		1,101,775		-		-		_
Capital outlay		-		-		-		_
Debt service and bond issuance cost								
Total expenditures		14,291,633		970,867		2,291,670		1,580,968
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		1,741,509		537,858		(1,055,439)		28,395
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		310,104		-
Transfers out		(2,025,215)		(310,104)		=		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,025,215)		(310,104)		310,104		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(283,706)		227,754		(745,335)		28,395
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	_	1,509,969		622,010		1,044,808		376,559
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	1,226,263	\$	849,764	\$	299,473	\$	404,954

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2003

	Nonmajor	Total					
G	overnmental	G	overnmental				
	Funds		Funds				
\$	812,405	\$	10,402,899				
	-		638,830				
	808,113		898,297				
	4,328		5,149,992				
	-		2,582,574				
	-		1,214,197				
	197,011		511,489				
	843,243		1,654,283				
	2,665,100		23,052,561				
	178,197		3,419,310				
	43,827		7,361,342				
	516,984		7,970,014				
	-		21,705				
	-		1,101,775				
	2,750,173		2,750,173				
	462,388	_	462,388				
	3,951,569		23,086,707				
	(1,286,469)		(34,146)				
	934,410		1,244,514				
			(2,335,319)				
	934,410		(1,090,805)				
	(352,059)		(1,124,951)				
	7,480,885		11,034,231				
\$	7,128,826	\$	9,909,280				



Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2004

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(1,124,951)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; the statement		
of activities reports these costs over the lives of the assets:		
Capital asset additions		3,168,372
Capital asset disposals		(11,432)
Depreciation of capital assets		(4,961,524)
Special assessment revenues are recorded in the statement of		
activities when the assessed project is substantially complete;		
they are not reported in the funds until collected or collectible		
within 60 days of year end		303,580
Revenue reported in the statement of activities that does not provide		
current financial resources and is not reported as revenue in the		
governmental funds (GASB Statement No. 33)		104,183
Bond principal repayments are reported as financing sources		
and expenditures (respectively) in governmental funds, but not in the		
statement of activities		522,305
Interest payable is accrued and expensed on the statement of		
activities but not in the governmental funds		6,589
Change in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay is expensed		
when incurred in the statement of activities		14,689
Internal Service Funds are included as governmental activities		173,878
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	(1,804,311)



		Electric	Water	Cable	Television	Sev	/age Disposal
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,283,803	\$ 73,983	\$	766,718	\$	3,536,809
Receivables - Customers:	*	.,,	•,	,		•	-,,
Billed		1,598,957	161,148		290,732		385,050
Unbilled		1,683,671	92,300		· <u>-</u>		_
Other		-	, _		_		_
Accounts receivable from component unit		_	_		_		_
Due from other funds		_	_		_		541,085
Fuel, materials, supplies, and other inventories		2,121,224	101.860		57,355		, -
Prepaid costs and other current assets		60,867	193		23,837		1,091,804
		,					.,,
Total current assets		6,748,522	429,484		1,138,642		5,554,748
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted assets		11,813,353	146,185		1,118,907		-
Bond issuance costs		791,786	_		-		-
Capital assets		49,510,863	8,285,073		3,814,121		11,632,674
·							11.422.474
Total noncurrent assets		62,116,002	8,431,258		4,933,028		11,632,674
Total assets		68,864,524	8,860,742		6,071,670		17,187,422
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Current portion of long-term debt		2,565,000	_		375,000		442,165
Accounts payable		1,319,794	50,132		255,840		274,382
Accrued and other liabilities		812,358	161,671		387,206		
Compensated absences due within one year		408,834	116,734		81,089		_
Due to other funds		-	504,973		-		_
Deferred revenue		_			172,664		_
Deposits payable		488,363			218,400		
Total current liabilities		5,594,349	833,510		1,490,199		716,547
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Liabilities to be paid from restricted assets		3,585,006	_		_		_
Long-term general liability and workers' compensation claims		-	_		_		_
Long-term advances from other funds		_	_		_		_
Long-term debt - Net of current portion and amount							
payable from restricted asset		37,668,722	_		2,291,531		7,407,782
• •							
Total noncurrent liabilities		41,253,728			2,291,531		7,407,782
Total liabilities		46,848,077	833,510		3,781,730		8,124,329
Net Assets							
Investment in capital assets - Net of related debt		6,857,141	8,285,073		1,147,590		3,782,727
Restricted		10,648,347	146,185		1,118,907		-
Unrestricted		4,510,959	(404,026)		23,443		5,280,366
Total net assets	\$	22,016,447	\$ 8,027,232	\$	2,289,940	<u>\$</u>	9,063,093

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2003

Golf	Course	Building Rental Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund			
\$	45,538	\$ 15,003	\$ 5,721,854	\$ 2,679,685			
	-	-	2,435,887	-			
	-	-	1,775,971	-			
	-	-	=	178,678			
	-	-	-	253,848			
	700	-	541,785	3,849,179			
	_	- 326,658	2,280,439 1,503,359	-			
		320,030	1,303,337				
	46,238	341,661	14,259,295	6,961,390			
	_	_	13,078,445	-			
	-	_	791,786	_			
3,	607,900	2,949,817	79,800,448				
3,	607,900	2,949,817	93,670,679				
3,	654,138	3,291,478	107,929,974	6,961,390			
		07.003	2 470 140				
	- 14,171	96,983 636	3,479,148 1,914,955	- 58,283			
	4,347	-	1,365,582	30,203			
	-	_	606,657	_			
	985	471,823	977,781	_			
	-		172,664	_			
			706,763				
	19,503	569,442	9,223,550	58,283			
	-	-	3,585,006	-			
	-	- 1,231,548	- 1,231,548	904,692			
	-	1,231,370	1,231,340	-			
		549,977	47,918,012				
		1,781,525	52,734,566	904,692			
	19,503	2,350,967	61,958,116	962,975			
,	407 000	2 202 057	25 003 300				
3,	607,900	2,302,857	25,983,288 11,913,439	-			
	26,735	(1,362,346)	8,075,131	5,998,415			
\$ 3,6	34,635	\$ 940,511	\$ 45,971,858	\$ 5,998,415			



		Electric		Water	С	able Television	Sev	vage Disposal	Go	olf Course
Operating Revenue - Utility and user fees	\$	22,778,734	\$	2,364,300	\$	5,487,979	\$	2,717,504	\$	309,542
Operating Expenses										
Production, pumping, and purification		12,454,856		609,312		-		1,486,657		-
Distribution		963,144		509,870		579,434		-		-
Cable television royalties		-		-		2,718,831		-		-
Customer service		169,417		51,392		76,912		-		-
Office and administration		403,983		212,677		397,145		-		-
General, maintenance, and miscellaneous		3,045,262		620,751		1,045,040		340,257		246,510
Transportation		44,027		20,666		7,013		-		-
Depreciation		4,891,967		459,155		541,569		266,917		133,664
Reinsurance charges and claims (and recoveries)		-		-	_			-		
Total operating expenses		21,972,656	_	2,483,823	_	5,365,944		2,093,831		380,174
Operating Income (Loss)		806,078		(119,523)		122,035		623,673		(70,632)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)										
Gain on sale of assets		12,002		876		41,685		-		-
Infrastructure revenue		-		(56)		-		-		-
Interest, infrastructure, and other income		317,888		99,882		67,124		39,137		-
Interest expense		(2,352,001)		-		(117,036)		(202,927)		-
Amortization of bond issuance costs	_	(62,100)	_	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	-		<u>-</u>
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	_	(2,084,211)	_	100,702	_	(8,227)		(163,790)		
Income (Loss) - Before transfers and contributions		(1,278,133)		(18,821)		113,808		459,883		(70,632)
Transfers In		-		-		-		712,824		-
Contribution of Fixed Assets				446,746	_					
Net Change in Net Assets		(1,278,133)		427,925		113,808		1,172,707		(70,632)
Net Assets - Beginning of year		23,294,580		7,599,307	_	2,176,132		7,890,386	_	3,705,267
Net Assets - End of year	\$	22,016,447	\$	8,027,232	\$	2,289,940	\$	9,063,093	\$ 3	3,634,635

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended September 30, 2004

Building Rental	Total Enterprise	Internal Service				
Fund	Funds	Fund				
\$ 723,025	\$ 34,381,084	\$ -				
-	14,550,825	-				
-	2,052,448	-				
-	2,718,831	-				
-	297,721	-				
-	1,013,805	-				
429,292	5,727,112	-				
-	71,706	-				
103,845	6,397,117	-				
		305,680				
533,137	32,829,565	305,680				
189,888	1,551,519	(305,680)				
-	54,563	-				
-	(56)	-				
125,442	649,473	101,577				
(127,163)		-				
	(62,100)					
(1,721)	(2,157,247)	101,577				
188,167	(605,728)	(204,103)				
-	712,824	377,981				
	446,746					
188,167	553,842	173,878				
752,344	45,418,016	5,824,537				
\$ 940,511	\$ 45,971,858	\$ 5,998,415				



		Electric	Water	Cal	ole Television
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Receipts from customers	\$	22,590,894	\$ 2,381,124	\$	5,512,228
Payments to suppliers		(12,956,466)	(718,026)		(3,578,367)
Payments to employees		(4,534,344)	(1,231,795)		(1,241,643)
Internal activity - Payments to other funds		-	-		-
Claims paid		-	-		-
Other receipts (payments)			 -		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		5,100,084	431,303		692,218
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities - Operating transfer		-	-		-
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Infrastructure revenue		-	(56)		-
Purchase of capital assets		(2,602,961)	(456,354)		(198,013)
Principal and interest paid on capital debt		(4,305,677)	 -		(492,036)
Net cash used in capital and related					
financing activities		(6,908,638)	(456,410)		(690,049)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest received on investments		317,888	 99,882		67,124
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1,490,666)	74,775		69,293
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		14,587,822	 145,393		1,816,332
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	13,097,156	\$ 220,168	\$	1,885,625
Balance Sheet Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Cash and investments	\$	1,283,803	\$ 73,983	\$	766,718
Restricted investments (Note 3)		11,813,353	 146,185		1,118,907
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,097,156	\$ 220,168	\$	1,885,625
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating					
Activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$	806,078	\$ (119,523)	\$	122,035
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from					
operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		4,891,967	459,155		541,569
(Gain) loss on sale of property and plant		12,002	876		(37,483)
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Receivables		(187,840)	16,824		24,249
Due from other funds		125	-		182,371
Due from other governmental units		-	-		-
Inventory		(339,862)	(13,567)		(14,921)
Other assets		496,444	35,952		141,991
Accounts payable		(597,831)	40,117		(243,716)
Due to other funds		(15,000)	(32,507)		(125)
Accrued and other liabilities		34,001	43,976		(11,416)
Deferred revenue			 		(12,336)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	5,100,084	\$ 431,303	\$	692,218

Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities - During the year ended September 30, 2004, the TIFA contributed water lines with a value of \$446,746 to the Water Fund.

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended September 30, 2004

Sew	age Disposal Fund	Go	olf Course	Bu	ilding Rental Fund		Total	lnt	ernal Service Fund
									_
\$	2,717,504	\$	309,542	\$	730,994	\$	34,242,286	\$	84,491
Ψ	(1,649,976)	Ψ	(234,492)	Ψ	(451,622)	Ψ	(19,588,949)	Ψ	-
	(1,017,770)		(231,172)		(131,022)		(7,007,782)		_
	523,311		(25,008)		(133,636)		364,667		(377,981)
	,		-		-		-		(231,132)
	19,436		(954)		(20,979)		(2,497)		257,486
	1,610,275		49,088		124,757		8,007,725		(267,136)
	712,824		_		_		712,824		377,981
	712,021						712,021		377,701
	_		_		_		(56)		
			(17,544)		(19,701)		(3,294,573)		
	(634,995)		(17,544)		(215,554)		(5,648,262)		_
	(031,773)	_			(213,331)	_	(3,010,202)		
	(634,995)		(17,544)		(235,255)		(8,942,891)		-
	39,137				125,442		649,473		101,577
	1,727,241		31,544		14,944		427,131		212,422
	1,809,568		13,994		59		18,373,168		2,467,263
\$	3,536,809	\$	45,538	\$	15,003	\$	18,800,299	\$	
y	3,330,607	<u> </u>	45,536	y	13,003	. p	10,000,277	-	2,679,685
.	2.527.000	Φ.	45 520	.	15.003	.	F 721 0F4	Φ.	2 / 70 / 05
\$	3,536,809	\$	45,538	\$	15,003	\$	5,721,854 13,078,445	\$	2,679,685
•	2 524 000	-	45 520	•	15.003	•	,	•	2 / 70 / 05
\$	3,536,809	\$	45,538	\$	15,003	\$	18,800,299	\$	2,679,685
\$	623,673	\$	(70,632)	\$	189,888	\$	1,551,519	\$	(305,680)
			, ,						, ,
	266,917		133,664		103,845		6,397,117		
	200,717		133,007		103,643		(24,605)		-
	-		-		-		(24,603)		-
	-		_		7,969		(138,798)		84,491
	523,311		(700)		-		705,107		(377,981)
	-		-		-		-		257,486
	-		-		-		(368,350)		_
	19,436		14		(20,979)		672,858		-
	176,938		12,018		(22,330)		(634,804)		46,970
	-		(24,308)		(133,636)		(205,576)		-
	-		(968)		-		65,593		27,578
							(12,336)		
\$	1,610,275	\$	49,088	\$	124,757	\$	8,007,725	\$	(267,136)



Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2004

	P	ension Trust		
		Fund	Ag	ency Fund
Assets				
Cash and investments (Note 3):				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	96,456	\$	201,588
Corporate bonds		16,455,593		-
U.S. government securities		16,716,044		-
Common and preferred stock		20,434,070		-
U.S. government pooled investment and other				
bank investment pool funds		_		67,839
Foreign stock investment pools		9,821,665		_
Receivables - Accrued interest		335,863		997
Total assets		63,859,691	<u>\$</u>	270,424
Liabilities				
Due to other governmental units		-	\$	98
Due to other funds		-		57,847
Cash bonds and deposits				212,479
Total liabilities			\$	270,424
Net Assets - Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	63,859,691		



Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended September 30, 2004

	Pension Trust Fund
Additions	
Investment income:	
Interest and dividends	\$ 2,093,557
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	3,781,862
Investment expenses	(327,515)
Net investment income	5,547,904
Contributions:	
Employer	488,459
Employees	72,001
Transfer from General Fund	666,643
Total contributions	1,227,103
Total additions	6,775,007
Deductions - Benefit payments	
Pension payments	4,516,056
Health benefits	1,331,566
Total deductions	5,847,622
Net Increase in Plan Assets	927,385
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	
Beginning of year	62,932,306
End of year	\$ 63,859,691



Component Units Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2004

Tax Increment Finance

		Autho	oritie	:S		
	C	onsolidated		owntown	Downtown	
	De	evelopment	Development		Development	
		Area		Area	Authority	 Totals
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	5,445,626	\$	1,869,609	\$ 8,083	\$ 7,323,318
Taxes receivable		-		-	2,467	2,467
Receivables - Other		130,001		17,371	-	147,372
Accounts receivable from primary government		2,188,105		599,600	-	2,787,705
Internal balances		(250)		(14,545)	14,795	-
Inventory (Note 7)		1,071,504		84,220		 1,155,724
Total assets		8,834,986		2,556,255	25,345	11,416,586
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		424,516		16,824	-	441,340
Accrued and other liabilities		104,777		72,211	-	176,988
Accounts payable to primary government		279,948		-	-	279,948
Deferred revenue		3,280,482		884,572	2,469	4,167,523
Current portion of long-term debt		860,244		275,000	-	1,135,244
Long-term debt		3,348,756		1,155,000		 4,503,756
Total liabilities		8,298,723		2,403,607	2,469	 10,704,799
Net Assets - Unrestricted	<u>\$</u>	536,263	\$	152,648	\$ 22,876	\$ 711,787



	-			Program Revenues				
		Expenses	Charges for Services		•	ting Grants/		
Tax Increment Finance Authorities - Consolidated Development Area	\$	4,578,607	\$	-	\$	-		
Tax Increment Finance Authorities - Downtown Development Area		884,235		20,974		-		
Downtown Development Authority		26,975						
Total governmental activities	\$	5,489,817	\$	20,974	\$			

General revenues:

Property taxes

Interest revenue

Gain on sale of asset

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets (Deficit) - Beginning of year

Net Assets - End of year

Component Units Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2004

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Tax Increment Finance Authorities Downtown Consolidated Downtown Development Development Area Development Area Authority Total \$ (4,578,607) \$ \$ (4,578,607)(863,261)(863,261)(26,975)(26,975)(4,578,607)(863,261)(26,975)(5,468,843)5,307,097 1,208,509 34,528 6,550,134 44,476 10,830 195 55,501 1,137,988 1,137,988 392,641 95,597 488,238 34,723 6,585,158 1,611,980 8,231,861 2,006,551 748,719 7,748 2,763,018 (1,470,288)(596,071) 15,128 (2,051,231)

152,648

536,263



22,876

711,787

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Wyandotte, Michigan (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Wyandotte, Michigan:

Reporting Entity

The City of Wyandotte, Michigan is governed by an elected six-member council and the mayor. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City (see discussion below for description).

Blended Component Units - The Wyandotte Building Authority is governed by a three-member board that is appointed by the mayor with City Council approval. Although it is legally separate from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its primary purpose is to finance and construct the City's public buildings.

The Wyandotte Municipal Service Commission consists of five members appointed by the mayor to operate the electric, water, and cable systems on behalf of the City. The operations of these systems are accounted for as Enterprise Funds in the City's financial systems.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The following component units are reported within the component unit column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City:

The Downtown Development Authority was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The Authority's governing body, which consists of I I individuals, is selected by the mayor with approval by the City Council. In addition, the Authority's budget is subject to approval by the City Council.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority was created, pursuant to Public Act 381 of 1996, to promote revitalization of environmentally distressed areas within the six-square mile boundary of the City. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority is funded primarily by property tax revenue captures. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority is governed by a nine-member board that is appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the City Council. There was no financial activity related to the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority in the current year.

The Tax Increment Finance Authorities (TIFAs) were created to preserve and continuously improve the areas within the TIFA districts. The Consolidated Development Area TIFAs governing body and Downtown Development Area TIFAs governing body, which consist of nine and 11 individuals, respectively, are selected by the mayor with approval by the City Council.

The Economic Development Corporation (EDC) was created to alleviate and prevent conditions of unemployment and to assist and retain local industries and commercial enterprises in their efforts to operate within the City. The EDC's governing body, which consists of nine individuals, is selected by the mayor with approval by the City Council. There was no financial activity related to the EDC in the current year.

Separate financial statements for the above discretely presented component units are not prepared.

Jointly Governed Organization - The City, along with 12 other communities, jointly participates in the Downriver Sewage Disposal System. The City's share of capital assets, restricted assets (for debt service), and related debt is recorded in the Sewage Disposal Fund. During the year, the City paid \$1,486,657 for operations of the system and \$634,995 for debt service. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future, except as discussed in Note 16. Financial statements for the joint venture can be obtained from the administrative offices at 415 Clifford, Detroit, MI 48226.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement</u> Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund and component unit financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue, state gas and weight tax revenue, district court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. Conversely, special assessments and federal grant reimbursements will be collected after the period of availability; receivables have been recorded for these, along with a "deferred revenue" liability.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund and is used to provide for basic services including the following functions: legislative, judicial, elections, tax collection, property assessment, administration, public safety, engineering, public works, recreation, cultural, and planning. This fund accounts for all financial resources of the general government other than those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Major Streets Fund - The Major Streets Fund accounts for the construction, maintenance, and operation of the major street system within the city limits. A major street usually exhibits higher traffic volumes than local streets and typically leads to urban collectors (Wayne County or State roads). This fund accounts for the financial resources derived from the state gas and weight tax revenues that are restricted for use on major streets.

Local Streets Fund - The Local Streets Fund accounts for the construction and maintenance of the local street system within the city limits. A local street is typically not used for trip destination but rather to access living dwellings or other local establishments. This fund accounts for the financial resources derived from the state gas and weight tax revenues that are restricted for use on local streets.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Solid Waste Disposal Fund - The Solid Waste Disposal Fund accounts for services to provide for solid waste pickup and disposal for city residents and businesses, including recycling efforts. It is funded primarily through the millage rate levied on the tax bills and various user charges.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Electric Fund - The Electric Fund accounts for the activities of providing electric services to the residents (and businesses) of the City.

Water Fund - The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the water distribution system.

Cable Television Fund - The Cable Television Fund accounts for the activities of providing cable services (and Internet) to the residents (and businesses) of the City.

Sewage Disposal Fund - The Sewage Disposal Fund accounts for the operations, maintenance, and improvements to the sewage disposal system in the city. Operations are primarily funded through user charges.

Golf Course Fund - The Golf Course Fund accounts for the operations of Wyandotte Shores Golf Course.

Building Rental Fund - The Building Rental Fund accounts for the operations of the commercial building located at 3200 Biddle Avenue.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Pension Trust Fund - The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the City's defined benefit pension plan. The plan accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Agency Fund - The Agency Fund accounts for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Internal Service Fund - The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments. The City's Internal Service Fund has been established to account for insurance costs associated with the City's participation in the Michigan Municipal League for costs associated with workers' compensation, general liability, and hospital malpractice claims. The Internal Service Fund is used to account for current coverage and to provide reserves for future catastrophic claims.

Private sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The City has elected not to follow private sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, except for such activity between the governmental and business-type funds. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering foods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relates to charges to customers for sales, rentals, and services. The Water and Sewer Disposal Funds also recognize the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are assessed as of December 31. The related property taxes are billed on August 1 of the following year, are due on September 30, become a lien on December 1, and have a final collection date of February 28, before they are added to the county tax rolls.

Property taxes billed on August I will be used to finance the following year's operations. As such, these taxes are recorded as deferred revenue in each respective fund at September 30.

The 2003 taxable valuation of the City totaled \$637,497,427, on which taxes levied consisted of 12.1619 mills for operating purposes, 2.2400 mills for debt service, 2.5392 mills for garbage and rubbish services, 1.7112 mills for the sewer judgment levy, and 1.7688 mills for the DDA. In addition, the City levied 1.3934 mills to support drain operation and maintenance. The City has attempted, but has been unable to identify the statutory or constitutional provisions that authorize the levy of this millage. The above levies resulted in approximately \$6,264,000 for operating purposes, \$932,000 for debt service, \$1,307,000 for garbage and rubbish services, \$574,000 for drain operation and maintenance, \$711,000 for the sewer judgment levy, and \$34,000 for the DDA. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, Enterprise Fund, and component unit financial statements as tax revenue.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Bank Deposits and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Inventories and Prepaid Items - Real estate inventories in the Special Revenue Funds and component units are valued at the lower of cost (specific identification, including demolition cost) or market. Inventories of the remaining governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories of the Enterprise Funds are stated at the lower of cost, determined by the average cost method for general inventory and determined by the first-in, first-out method for coal inventory, or market. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets - The revenue bonds of the Enterprise Funds require amounts to be set aside for construction, debt service principal and interest, operations and maintenance, and a bond reserve. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Roads and sidewalks	20 to 25 years
Other infrastructure	10 to 60 years
Distribution systems	8 to 50 years
Utility plant and treatment facilities	17 to 35 years
Buildings and building improvements	40 to 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 to 50 years
Vehicles	4 to 8 years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 35 years



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. Employees may receive payment of the accumulated sick leave and vacation balance at the rate determined by union contracts, which vary from unit to unit. A liability is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Significant Customers - The City has the following customers that represent significant amounts of operating revenue for the year ended September 30, 2004:

		Utility Fees				
	Electricity	Water	Sewage	Taxes		
BASF Corporation	19%	14%	14%	12%		
Wayne County	9%	5%	- %	- %		
Electric Fund	- %	2%	- %	- %		



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

State Construction Code Act - The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. Beginning January 1, 2000, the law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the activity since January 1, 2000 is as follows:

Cumulative shortfall - Beginning of year		\$ (543,920)
Current year building permit revenue		755,060
Related expenditures: Direct costs Estimated indirect costs	\$ 226,307 417,663	
Total construction code expenditures		 643,970
Cumulative shortfall - End of year		\$ (432,830)



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended), authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The City has designated three banks for the deposit of local unit funds. The investment policy adopted by the Board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in the following items described above, bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States government or any agency or instrumentality of the U.S., and mutual funds.

The City of Wyandotte, Michigan's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year end, the deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities Fiduciary Funds		Total Primary Government	Component Units
Cash and investments Restricted assets	\$ 33,994,742	\$ 5,721,854 13,078,445	\$ 63,793,255 	\$ 103,509,851 13,078,445	\$ 7,323,318
Total	\$ 33,994,742	\$ 18,800,299	\$ 63,793,255	\$ 116,588,296	\$ 7,323,318



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The breakdown between deposits and investments for the City is as follows:

	Primary	Component	
	Government	Units	
Bank deposits (checking accounts, savings			
accounts, and certificates of deposit)	\$ 7,312,123	\$ 2,169,539	
Investments in securities, mutual funds, and			
similar vehicles	109,271,813	5,153,779	
Petty cash or cash on hand	4,360		
Total	\$ 116,588,296	\$ 7,323,318	

The bank balance of the City's deposits is approximately \$10,947,000, of which \$700,000 is covered by federal depository insurance and approximately \$10,247,000 is uninsured and uncollateralized.

The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of the cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

The component units' deposits had a bank balance of approximately \$2,170,000, of which \$400,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and approximately \$1,770,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments are categorized into these three categories of credit risk:

Category I - Insured or registered, with securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name;

Category 2 - Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name; and

Category 3 - Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At year end, the City's investment balances were categorized as follows:

	Category						
		I		2	3	3	Reported Amount (Fair Value)
Primary government:							
Corporate bonds	\$	-	\$	16,455,593	\$	-	\$ 16,455,593
U.S. government securities		-		16,716,044		-	16,716,044
Common and preferred stock			_	20,434,070			 20,434,070
Subtotal	\$		\$	53,605,707	\$	<u>-</u>	53,605,707
Investments not subject to categorization*: U.S. government pooled investment and							
other bank investment pool funds							45,844,441
Foreign stock investment pools							 9,821,665
Total primary government							\$ 109,271,813
Component units - Bank investment pool funds							\$ 5,153,779

^{*} These investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Management believes these investments comply with the investment authority noted above.

The foreign stock investment pools are registered with the SEC. The bank investment pools are regulated by the Michigan Banking Act. The fair value of the position in the bank investment pools and U.S. government investment pools is the same as the value of the pool shares.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Included in the Pension Trust Fund investments at September 30, 2004 are the following:

- Approximately \$10,609,000 of securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and approximately \$1,237,000 issued by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC). These investments are usually not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, but are generally considered to offer moderate credit risks. The yields provided by these mortgage-related securities historically have exceeded the yields on other types of U.S. government securities with comparable maturities, in large measure due to the potential for prepayment. Prepayment could result in difficulty in reinvesting the prepaid amounts in investments with comparable yields.
- Asset-backed securities of approximately \$2,203,000. These securities are backed by credit card or other receivables and typically include credit enhancements in the form of overcollateralization, third-party letters of credit, seller recourse, insurance company guarantees, and/or senior subordinated structures. These securities are generally considered to offer moderate credit risk, but such risk varies depending on the type of asset being securitized and the extent and nature of the credit enhancement. Prepayment of these "pay through" securities could result in difficulty in reinvesting the prepaid amounts in investments with comparable yields.

Included in the primary government investments at September 30, 2004 are the following:

• Approximately \$1,349,000 of securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and approximately \$444,000 issued by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC). These investments are usually not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, but are generally considered to offer moderate credit risks. The yields provided by these mortgage-related securities historically have exceeded the yields on other types of U.S. government securities with comparable maturities, in large measure due to the potential for prepayment. Prepayment could result in difficulty in reinvesting the prepaid amounts in investments with comparable yields.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 4 - Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

	U	navailable -	ι	Jnearned -			U	nearned -
	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental	Ur	nearned -	С	omponent
		Activities		Activities	Bus	iness-type		Units
Delinguent property taxes	\$	128.467	¢		\$		\$	
Delinquent property taxes	Ф	,	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-
Special assessments		978,255		-		-		-
ALS receivables		252,544		-		-		-
Land contract receivables		-		-		-		128,784
Due from other governmental units		119,132		-		-		-
Property tax receipts for fiscal year 2004		-		10,715,341		-		4,038,739
Grants receivable		106,400		-		-		-
Other		287,170				172,664	_	
Total	\$	1,871,968	\$	10,715,341	\$	172,664	\$	4,167,523

Note 5 - Restricted Assets

The balances of restricted asset accounts are as follows:

	Business-typ	
		Activities
Investments:		
Restricted for debt service	\$	9,241,977
Restricted for capital outlay		2,813,320
Restricted for retiree health care		1,023,148
Total restricted assets		13,078,445
Less current liabilities payable from restricted assets:		
Accrued interest payable		(1,165,006)
Bond principal payable		(2,420,000)
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets		(3,585,006)
Net restricted assets	\$	9,493,439



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 5 - Restricted Assets (Continued)

Included in the above investment is approximately \$8,300,000 restricted to a 1992 Municipal Service Commission revenue bond ordinance for revenue bond debt service. In conjunction with the bond ordinance, the Municipal Service Commission passed a resolution to reserve retained earnings of \$4,687,364, which represents the maximum annual debt service requirement for all outstanding bonds. Assets have also been restricted in the Electric Fund for future capital improvements and to assist in paying future bond principal and interest payments pursuant to a resolution approved by the Commission.

Assets have been restricted in the Cable Fund to assist in paying future principal and interest payments on the installment purchase contract.

In the Electric, Water, and Cable Funds, monies have been restricted to pay future retiree health care costs, pursuant to a resolution approved by the Commission.

Note 6 - Bond Issuance Costs

During the year ended September 30, 2002, the Department of Municipal Services paid bond issuance costs related to the 2002 revenue refunding bonds. The following is a summary of the outstanding balance as of September 30, 2004:

Bond issuance costs	\$ 931,515
Less accumulated amortization	(139,729)
Total	\$ 791,786

For the year ended September 30, 2004, amortization expense was \$62,100.

Note 7 - Real Estate Inventory

The inventory in the Special Revenue Funds and component units consists of real property purchased for resale. The City purchases the property, demolishes the structure, if any, and resells the property for commercial or residential development. Inventory costs include the costs of land, existing structures, and demolition. Generally, the acquisition cost of inventory is substantially higher than its fair market value after demolition and site clearing. At September 30, 2004, inventory had a cost of \$1,386,784 and \$12,308,697 and a fair market value of \$194,467 and \$1,155,724 in the Special Revenue Funds and component units, respectively. Included in capital outlay and other expenses of the current year was a provision of \$61,171 and \$491,576 to record inventory at the lower of cost or market value in the Special Revenue Funds and component units, respectively.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 8 - Joint Venture

Southgate-Wyandotte Drainage District

The City is a member of the Southgate-Wyandotte Drainage District, a joint venture with the City of Southgate that provides drainage services to the residents of Southgate and Wyandotte. The venture is administered by the Wayne County Drainage Board. The City paid approximately \$1,478,000 to Wayne County during the year for operation and maintenance.

The City of Wyandotte has approximately a 51 percent interest in the venture. The operations of the fund will be financed through assessments to the participating cities, Wayne County, and the State of Michigan. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. The City's equity interest in the venture has been recorded at September 30, 2004.

Note 9 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	October I,		Disposals and	September 30,
	2003	Additions	Adjustments	2004
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 18,146,294	\$ -	\$ 10.365	\$ 18,135,929
Construction in progress	φ 10,140,274 -	- 141,418	ф 10,363 -	141,418
Subtotal	18,146,294	141,418	10,365	18,277,347
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	62,370,048	1,801,624	-	64,171,672
Sidewalks	33,498,481	-	-	33,498,481
Land improvements	4,599,179	523,500	-	5,122,679
Buildings	6,969,655	-	32,000	6,937,655
Machinery and equipment	9,407,443	701,830	247,521	9,861,752
Subtotal	116,844,806	3,026,954	279,521	119,592,239
Accumulated depreciation	65,008,558	4,961,524	278,454	69,691,628
Net capital assets being depreciated	51,836,248	(1,934,570)	1,067	49,900,611
Net capital assets	\$ 69,982,542	\$ (1,793,152)	\$ 11,432	\$ 68,177,958



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 9 - Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance			Balance
	October I,		Disposals and	September 30,
	2003	2003 Additions		2004
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 145,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 145,000
Construction in progress	118,879		118,879	
Subtotal	263,879	-	118,879	145,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Utility plant	90,622,064	1,670,892	-	92,292,956
Transmission	5,768,155	-	_	5,768,155
Pumping	2,708,530	151,433	_	2,859,963
Purification	3,689,061	63,724	_	3,752,785
Distribution	41,303,280	1,824,390	126,910	43,000,760
Transportation	1,812,395	18,710	281,074	1,550,031
Stores	737,825	37,665	201,071	775,490
Cable equipment	952,790	44,809	_	997,599
Studio	452,546	•	-	
		16,076	-	468,622
General	2,844,065	60,188	-	2,904,253
Buildings	4,135,018	19,700	-	4,154,718
Land improvements	2,937,427	-	-	2,937,427
Equipment and fixtures	1,122,619	17,543	-	1,140,162
Sewer lines	11,570,121			11,570,121
Subtotal	170,655,896	3,925,130	407,984	174,173,042
Accumulated depreciation:				
Utility plant	47,261,881	3,885,194	-	51,147,075
Transmission	3,954,784	171,432	_	4,126,216
Pumping	1,716,309	106,667	_	1,822,976
Purification	2,779,396	102,627	_	2,882,023
Distribution	25,940,660	1,271,971	141,148	27,071,483
Transportation	1,269,146	120,521	281,074	1,108,593
Stores	499,973	38,702	-	538,675
Cable equipment	461,933	119,072	_	581,005
Studio	,	29,424	-	406,139
	376,715	,	-	*
General	2,247,140	87,251	-	2,334,391
Buildings	461,381	103,172	-	564,553
Land improvements	469,002	58,749	-	527,751
Equipment and fixtures	651,699	75,587	-	727,286
Sewer lines	452,680	226,748		679,428
Subtotal	88,542,699	6,397,117	422,222	94,517,594
Net capital assets being depreciated	82,113,197	(2,471,987)	(14,238)	79,655,448
Net capital assets	\$ 82,377,076	\$ (2,471,987)	\$ 104,641	\$ 79,800,448



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 9 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 4,188,240
Public safety	310,022
Public works	226,470
Recreation and culture	236,792
Total governmental activities	\$ 4,961,524
Business-type activities:	
Electric	\$ 4,891,967
Water	459,155
Cable television	541,569
Sewage disposal	266,917
Golf course	133,664
Building rental	103,845
Total business-type activities	\$ 6,397,117



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 10 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Due to/from other funds:			
General Fund	Local Streets Fund	\$	176,203
General Fund	Golf Course Fund		985
General Fund	Building Rental Fund		129,443
General Fund	Other nonmajor governmental funds		218,420
Major Streets Fund	General Fund		194
Major Streets Fund	Other nonmajor governmental funds		26,391
Local Streets Fund	Major Streets Fund		1,837
Local Streets Fund	Other nonmajor governmental funds		164,708
Solid Waste Disposal Fund	General Fund		1,053,584
Other nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund		600,824
Other nonmajor governmental funds	Solid Waste Disposal Fund		17
Other nonmajor governmental funds	Building Rental Fund		342,380
Sewage Fund	General Fund		36,112
Sewage Fund	Water Fund		504,973
Golf Course Fund	Solid Waste Disposal Fund		700
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	_	3,849,179
	Total	\$	7,105,950

These balances result from the time lag between the dates that goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Advances to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Urban Development Action Grant Fund	Building Rental Fund	\$ 1,231,548



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 10 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Due to/from Primary Government and Component Units

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Primary government - Other nonmajor governmental funds	Component Unit - Tax Increment Finance Authority Consolidated Development Area	\$	26,100
Primary government - Internal Service Fund	Component Unit - Tax Increment Finance Authority Consolidated Development Area		253,848
Total primary government		\$	279,948
Component unit - Tax Increment Finance Authority Consolidated Development Area	Primary government - General Fund	\$	1,988,105
Component Unit - Tax Increment Finance Authority Consolidated Development Area	Primary government - Other nonmajor governmental funds		200,000
Total Tax Increment Finance A	Authority Consolidated	\$	2,188,105
Component Unit - Tax Increment Finance Authority Downtown Development Authority	Primary government - General Fund	<u>\$</u>	599,600

Interfund Transfers

			Tra	ansfers Out	
	General Fund			Fund	 Total
Transfers in:					
Local Streets Fund	\$	-	\$	310,104	\$ 310,104
Sewage Fund		712,824		-	712,824
Internal Service Fund		377,981		-	377,981
Other governmental					
funds		934,410			 934,410
Total	\$	2,025,215	\$	310,104	\$ 2,335,319



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 10 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

The transfer from the General Fund to the Sewage Fund was to pay the annual debt service for the court-ordered improvements to the Wyandotte wastewater treatment plant. The funds were derived from the judgment levy on the property tax bills. The transfer from the General Fund to the Internal Service Fund was to pay for liability claims and to maintain adequate reserves for potential liability issues. The transfer to other governmental funds was primarily to pay the annual debt service for the Department of Public Services facility bonds and the debt service for the installment purchase agreement for the fire aeriel truck. These funds are derived through tax levies. The transfer between the City's two street funds were to redistribute ACT 51 revenue from the Major Streets Fund to the Local Streets Fund, where the funds were then spent.

Note II - Long-term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note II - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

		Maturing		Beginning						С	ue Within
	Interest Rate	Through		Balance	Δd	ditions		Reductions	Ending Balance		One Year
	interest reate	Till Ough		Dalarice	Au	ditions		Reductions	Lifding Dalance		Jile Teal
Governmental activities:											
General obligation bond - Building Authority Bonds											
Amount of issue - \$5,000,000	3.75 - 5.75%	2013	\$	4,075,000	\$	_	\$	275,000	\$ 3,800,000	\$	300,000
2003 Bank One purchase installment - Fire equipment -			•	.,,	•		-	,	+ -,,	-	,
Amount - \$753,093	2.53%	2006		651,880		_		247,305	404,575		253,634
Vested employee benefits	N/A	N/A		1,590,316		_		14,689	1,575,627		756,301
1 /											,
Total governmental activities			\$	6,317,196	\$		\$	536,994	\$ 5,780,202	\$	1,309,935
Business-type activities:											
Cable Television Limited Tax General Obligation											
Installment purchase contract - Amount of											
issue - \$3,994,031	4.16%	2011	\$	3,041,531	\$	_	\$	375,000	\$ 2,666,531	\$	375,000
State Revolving Fund - Downriver Sewage	1.1070	2011	Ψ	3,011,331	Ψ		Ψ	373,000	Ψ 2,000,551	Ψ	373,000
Disposal System:											
Amount of issue - \$1,610,332	2.50%	2016		1,117,101		_		82.850	1.034.251		77.005
Amount of issue - \$4,691,934	2.25%	2019		3,890,467		_		205,492	3,684,975		210.180
Amount of issue - \$1.168	2.25%	2018		922		_		53	869		53
Amount of issue - \$474.845	2.25%	2021		435.348		_		20.010	415.338		20.444
Amount of issue - \$1,094,717	2.25%	2021		960,957		_		46,835	914,122		47,753
Amount of issue - \$864.574	2.25%	2021		782,978		_		36,882	746,096		37,381
Downriver Sewage Disposal System - Completion				,				,	,		,
Bond - Amount of issue - \$1,223,935	4.90 - 5.12%	2019		1.094.241		_		47,309	1.046.932		49,349
Installment Loan - Bank	8.06%	2010		735,351		_		81,027	654,324		96,983
Revenue bonds:											
1992 Electric Revenue and Revenue Refunding											
Bond - Amount of issue - \$61,185,000	6.25%	2009		14,045,000		-		2,000,000	12,045,000		2,260,000
2002 Electric Revenue and Revenue Refunding											
Bond - Net of unamortized premium and deferred											
refunding credit - Amount of issue - \$31,990,000	3.25 - 5.38%	2018	_	30,500,398	I	67,916	_	59,592	30,608,722	_	305,000
Total business-type activities before											
excluding restricted assets				56,604,294	\$ I	67,916	\$	2,955,050	53,817,160	\$	3,479,148
Less portion payable from restricted assets			_	(2,000,000)					(2,420,000)		
Total business-type activities			\$	54,604,294					\$ 51,397,160		
Component units:											
Limited Tax Development Refunding Bonds,											
Series 1992 - Amount of issue - \$11.940.000	6.25-6.375%	2010	\$	4.135.000	\$	_	\$	870,000	\$ 3,265,000	\$	860,000
Downtown Development Refunding Bonds	0.25 0.57570	2010	Ψ	1,133,000	Ψ		Ψ	0,000	φ 5,205,000	Ψ	000,000
Series 1992 (continued)	6.2-6.25%	2009		1.720.000		_		290,000	1,430,000		275.000
Brownfield Revitalization Loan	2.25%	2015		944,000		_		-	944,000		244
			_	,	-		_			_	
Total component units			\$	6,799,000	\$	_	\$	1,160,000	\$ 5,639,000	\$	1,135,244
·			<u>-</u>	.,,	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	,



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note II - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity, excluding unamortized discount/premiums on bonds payable, deferred refunding charges and current amounts already provided for in restricted assets, for the above bond and note obligations are as follows:

		Gove	rnn	nental Activ	vitie	s		Bu	sine	ess-type Activi	ties			Comp	tivit	vities				
		Principal	Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total		Total		Principal		Interest			Total
2005	\$	553,634	\$	178,608	\$	732,242	\$	3,482,922	\$	2,473,700	\$	5,956,622	\$	1,135,244	\$	394,050	\$	1,529,294		
2006		450,941		155,326		606,267		3,652,492		2,287,674		5,940,166		845,210		238,460		1,083,670		
2007		300,000		136,800		436,800		3,831,721		2,091,690		5,923,411		827,127		188,892		1,016,019		
2008		350,000		119,550		469,550		4,022,700		1,884,923		5,907,623		899,087		137,570		1,036,657		
2009		450,000		103,800		553,800		3,835,218		1,665,788		5,501,006		876,092		84,965		961,057		
2010-2014		2,100,000		212,250		2,312,250		19,498,106		6,099,453		25,597,559		952,139		74,724		1,026,863		
2015-2019		-		-		-		14,196,905		1,443,416		15,640,321		104,101		2,342		106,443		
2020-2023	_	-	_	-	_			258,374	_	3,323		261,697						-		
Total	\$	4,204,575	\$	906,334	\$	5,110,909	\$	52,778,438	\$	17,949,967	\$	70,728,405	\$	5,639,000	\$	1,121,003	\$	6,760,003		

Electric Fund Revenue Bonds

The 1992 and the 2002 Electric Revenue Refunding bonds are payable out of the net revenue of the Electric Fund. The City has no liability for these bonds if the net revenue pledged should prove insufficient.

The revenue bond ordinance contains certain covenants and provisions that, among other matters, relate to the following:

- Segregation of proceeds of the revenue bond issue
- Segregation of Electric Fund revenue
- Segregation of assets for debt service payments
- Segregation of assets for construction of improvements to the system
- Periodic transfers of net revenue to those funds segregated for debt service payments
- Sale, lease, or other disposition of all or any substantial part of the system
- Establishment of rates sufficient to provide for required level of debt service coverage
- Adoption of, and adherence to, budgeted operation and maintenance expenses



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note II - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Included in the current assets of the Electric Fund at September 30, 2004 is approximately \$253,000 earmarked for future repairs of the system pursuant to the ordinance. Also included in the current liabilities of the Electric Fund at September 30, 2004 is that portion of the bond principal that was to be transferred within the next year to the bond Interest and Redemption Fund for payment of bond principal.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for claims related to medical benefits and participates in a general liability insurance plan with the Michigan Municipal League. The City is partially uninsured for workers' compensation claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

General Liability - The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts. Currently, the plan limits the City's maximum loss to \$20,000 per occurrence. Losses in excess of these limitations are insured up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence and are uninsured above that level.

In conjunction with the sale of the Wyandotte General Hospital operation in previous years, the City retained the liability for all medical malpractice claims, asserted and unasserted, that occurred prior to May I, 1988. The City has recorded an estimate of this liability in the Internal Service Funds at September 30, 2004. The ultimate liability with respect to these claims could differ materially from the amounts currently provided for in the basic financial statements.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 12 - Risk Management (Continued)

Workers' Compensation - The City (including the Department of Municipal Services) is partially uninsured for workers' compensation claims. The terms of the plan are subject to change each policy period. Subsequent to May 31, 1986, there is no aggregate insurance coverage limit. All claims are insured for the per occurrence exposure between the deductible as of May 31, 1986 of \$300,000 (\$400,000 and \$850,000 as of June 1, 1990 and 2002, respectively) and the policy limits equal to State statutory requirements.

The City estimates the liability for general liability, which includes medical malpractice and workers' compensation claims, and the Department of Municipal Services estimates the liability for workers' compensation claims in the Enterprise Funds that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. Changes in the estimated liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	Se	lf-insurance	Enterprise				
		Fund		Funds			
			De	partment of			
	Al	l Remaining		Municipal			
		Funds		Services			
Estimated liability - October 1, 2002	\$	1,452,060	\$	526,104			
Incurred claims (including claims incurred but not reported)		208,023		39,645			
Claim payments and changes in estimates		(782,969)		(115,825)			
Estimated liability - September 30, 2003		877,114		449,924			
Incurred claims (including claims incurred but		215 220		142 410			
not reported) Claim payments and changes in estimates		315,330 (287,752)		143,419 (31,047)			
Claim payments and changes in estimates		(207,732)	_	(31,047)			
Estimated liability - September 30, 2004	\$	904,692	\$	562,296			



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 13 - Restricted and Designated Fund Balance/Net Assets

Portions of net assets of the Enterprise Funds have been restricted for the following purposes at September 30, 2004:

	Electric	Water	Cable	 Total
Debt service	\$ 7,104,249	\$ _	\$ 972,722	\$ 8,076,971
Capital improvements	2,813,320	-	-	2,813,320
Retiree health care	 730,778	 146,185	 146,185	 1,023,148
Total	\$ 10,648,347	\$ 146,185	\$ 1,118,907	\$ 11,913,439

Fund balance has been designated in the Equipment and Replacement Fund in the amount of \$413,159 for future payments for the fire aeriel truck installment loan. Therefore, \$84,656 of fund balance at September 30, 2004 is unreserved and undesignated.

Note 14 - Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Employees' Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the City of Wyandotte Employees' Retirement System. This plan covers substantially all full-time general employees hired prior to October 1, 1999, all union (AFSCME) general members hired prior to April 1, 2000, all union (IAFF) fire fighters hired prior to October 1, 2000, all police and fire dispatchers hired prior to July 1, 2001, and Department of Municipal Services employees. The plan also covers all full-time police employees hired prior to February 1, 1999. The System provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. At September 30, 2003, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, membership consisted of 262 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them, and 205 current active employees. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Contributions - Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Please refer to Note I for further significant accounting policies.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 14 - Pension Plan (Continued)

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for the employees was established by negotiation with the City's competitive bargaining units and requires no contribution from the employees, except for certain police officers who are members of the patrol and command bargaining units. As of March 1, 1999 for patrol members and February 1, 2001 for command members, all eligible police officers that were hired after October 1, 1982 but prior to February 1, 1999 are required to contribute 5 percent of their qualified wages to the plan. The funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

Annual Pension Costs - For the year ended September 30, 2004, the City's annual pension cost of \$2,285,116 for the plan was equal to the required and actual contribution. The annual pension costs consist of contributions from Municipal Service of \$488,459 and transfers from the endowment reserves of \$1,796,657. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at September 30, 2002, using the entry actual age cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include: (i) a 7.5 investment rate of return and (ii) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent to 9.6 percent per year, which include an inflation component of 4.5 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percent of payroll on a closed basis.

The remaining amortization period is 14 years and 23 years for the Municipal Service and General and Police and Fire divisions, respectively.

Reserves - As of September 30, 2004, the plan's contribution, retirement benefit payments, and Special Retirement Fund reserves have been fully funded as follows:

Legally required reserves:

Reserve for employees' contributions	\$	468,526
Reserve for retired benefit payments		38,372,772
Additional reserves:		
Reserve for employer contributions		17,749,044
Reserve for Special Retirement Fund		743,103
Reserve for retiree health benefits		68,415
Reserve for endowment	_	6,457,831
Total reserves	\$	63,859,691



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 14 - Pension Plan (Continued)

	 2002	2003	 2004
Annual pension costs (APC)	\$ 2,089,676	\$ 2,083,416	\$ 2,285,116
Percentage of APC contributed	100%	100%	100%
Net pension obligation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Note 15 - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The City established a defined contribution pension plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code for the following employees:

- Police patrol officers hired on or after February 1, 1999
- Police command officers hired on or after February 1, 1999
- Nonunion administrative employees hired on or after October 1, 1999
- Nonunion administrative employees hired prior to October 1, 1999 who elected to transfer their accrued benefits from the defined benefit plan
- Technical, clerical, and AFSCME local 894 members hired on or after April 1, 2000
- Wyandotte firefighters IAFF local 346 members hired on or after October 1, 2000
- Police and fire dispatchers hired on or after July 1, 2001
- Police and fire dispatchers hired prior to July 1, 2002 who elected to transfer their accrued benefits from the defined benefit plan

In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Investments are managed by a third party, and investment decisions are made by the individual employees. As established by the City of Wyandotte through collective bargaining agreements, the City and the employees contribute a percentage of employees' qualified earnings in the amount of 10 percent and 5 percent, respectively.

The employee contribution percentages noted above represent the required contribution. Employees are not permitted to contribute additional amounts. The City withholds from the employee earnings and remits to the plan each pay period. The City's contributions for each employee (plus interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested after five years of service.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 15 - Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Continued)

In accordance with the above requirements, the City contributed approximately \$255,000 during the current year, and the employees contributed approximately \$127,000.

Note 16 - Contingencies

The City has been named as a defendant in numerous claims and lawsuits requesting damages of various amounts, the majority of which do not state a specific maximum. The various proceedings have not yet progressed to a point where a legal opinion can be reached as to the ultimate liability, if any, after consideration of available insurance, where applicable, that may result from the resolution of these matters. The City has not recorded an estimate of this liability at September 30, 2004.

The City was named as a defendant in a lawsuit alleging violations of the Clean Water Act occurring in the Downriver Sewage Treatment System. Several other communities, including Wayne County, were also named as defendants. Under terms of a federal consent decree, the communities are required to undertake construction projects to expand the capacity of the system and eliminate any violations of the Clean Water Act. The estimated total cost of the projects is approximately \$298,500,000, with the City's share estimated to be approximately \$11,000,000, which approximates total expenditures to date. The City has issued approximately \$9,962,000 in debt to fund this project and anticipates additional debt issuances of approximately \$840,000 in the near future. In addition, the City may have other significant sewer commitments under the Clean Water Act; the amount of these commitments cannot presently be determined.

Note 17 - Postemployment Benefits

The City provides postemployment health care benefits to nearly all employees upon retirement in accordance with labor contracts. Currently, 258 retirees are eligible. The City includes pre-Medicare retirees and their dependents in its insured health care plan, with no contribution required by the participant. The City purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare. Expenditures for postemployment health care benefits are recognized as the insurance premiums become due; during the year, this amounted to approximately \$1,349,000, of which \$854,000 and \$495,000 was paid by the Employees' Retirement System and the Enterprise Funds, respectively.



Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2004

Note 17 - Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released Statement Number 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The new rules will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year ending September 30, 2008.



Required Supplemental Information



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2003

							iance with
	Original	-	Amended			A	mended
	 Budget		Budget		Actual		Budget
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	\$ 1,352,794	\$	1,509,969	\$	1,509,969	\$	-
Revenues							
Property taxes	7,193,132		8,278,931		8,280,745		1,814
Federal sources	-		16,500		57,783		41,283
State receipts, revenues, and other sources	 8,350,303	_	7,047,938		6,536,201		(511,737)
Total revenues	15,543,435		15,343,369		14,874,729		(468,640)
Expenditures							
Legislative	159,581		165,716		161,280		4,436
Judicial	808,258		826,598		804,461		22,137
Financial services and administration	364,057		376,222		368,069		8,153
General government	1,280,629		1,288,629		1,182,942		105,687
Assessor	180,312		184,443		177,683		6,760
City Clerk	247,166		251,472		247,804		3,668
Community relations	97,791		99,988		98,055		1,933
Treasurer	253,355		258,283		250,320		7,963
Police and civil defense	4,507,109		4,537,414		4,410,357		127,057
Fire	2,665,779		2,642,717		2,581,837		60,880
Engineering and D.P.S.	1,065,975		1,069,730		1,037,900		31,830
Public works	2,643,103		2,736,006		2,645,654		90,352
Recreation	589,954		577,526		551,495		26,031
Swimming pool	69,179		69,179		54,361		14,818
Yack arena	415,960		442,327		413,471		28,856
Youth assistance	42,917		44,461		41,724		2,737
Historical commission	90,435		94,439		91,351		3,088
City commissions	23,261		24,575		21,705		2,870
Elections	 31,215	_	37,711	_	17,966		19,745
Total expenditures	 15,536,036		15,727,436		15,158,435		569,001
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 1,360,193	\$	1,125,902	\$	1,226,263	\$	100,361



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Funds - Major Streets Fund Year Ended September 30, 2004

	Original Budget			Amended Budget		Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	\$	258,230	\$	622,010	\$	622,010	\$	-	
Revenues									
State sources		1,192,937		1,192,937		1,240,417		47,480	
Interest income		10,000		4,000		196,087		192,087	
Other		111,347		111,347	_	72,221		(39,126)	
Total revenues		1,314,284		1,308,284		1,508,725		200,441	
Expenditures									
Public works		819,734		1,490,694		970,867		519,827	
Transfers to other funds		320,000		298,234		310,104		(11,870)	
Total expenditures		1,139,734		1,788,928		1,280,971		507,957	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	432,780	\$	141,366	\$	849,764	\$	708,398	



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Funds - Local Streets Fund Year Ended September 30, 2004

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	\$ 1,130,429	\$ 1,044,808	\$ 1,044,808	\$ -	
Revenues					
Federal sources	-	-	32, 4 01	32,401	
State sources	445,191	445,191	459,192	14,001	
Interest income	15,000	7,200	5,819	(1,381)	
Transfer from other funds	298,234	298,234	1,048,923	750,689	
Total revenues	758,425	750,625	1,546,335	795,710	
Expenditures					
Public works	415,000	1,588,218	2,291,670	(703,452)	
Transfers to other funds	360,000				
Total expenditures	775,000	1,588,218	2,291,670	(703,452)	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 1,113,854	\$ 207,215	\$ 299,473	\$ 92,258	



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Funds - Solid Waste Disposal Fund Year Ended September 30, 2004

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	\$ 283,914	\$ 376,559	\$ 376,559	\$ -		
Revenues						
Property taxes	1,294,346	1,056,385	1,058,001	1,616		
TIFA sharing agreement	-	237,961	251,748	13,787		
Dumpster billings	199,010	200,664	211,411	10,747		
Service fees	28,941	28,941	41,524	12,583		
Rubbish tags	43,748	33,748	40,852	7,104		
Interest income	4,000	7,400	5,827	(1,573)		
Total revenues	1,570,045	1,565,099	1,609,363	44,264		
Expenditures						
Administration	103,000	103,000	103,000	-		
Rubbish collection	801,000	801,000	784,011	16,989		
Dumping fees	321,000	412,950	385,711	27,239		
Recycling fees	48,300	16,800	16,411	389		
Tag program costs	25,000	25,000	16,105	8,895		
Household hazardous waste program	10,000	10,000	3,207	6,793		
Capital equipment	220,000	276,816	272,523	4,293		
Total expenditures	1,528,300	1,645,566	1,580,968	64,598		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 325,659	\$ 296,092	<u>\$ 404,954</u>	\$ 108,862		



Required Supplemental Information Pension System Schedule of Funding Progress September 30, 2004

The schedule of funding progress is as follows:

				Actuarial									
		Actuarial		Accrued							UAAL as a		
Actuarial		Value of		Liability		Unfunded	Funde	d Ratio		Covered	Percentage of		
Valuation		Assets*		(AAL)	AAL (UAAL) (Percent)				Payroll	Covered			
Date		(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)			(a/b)(c)		(c)	Payroll
General Empl	oye	es' Retireme	nt S	System .									
9/30/98	\$	49,023,780	\$	58,849,787	\$	9,826,007		83.3	\$	11,563,657	85.0		
9/30/99		54,091,559		62,986,041		8,894,482		85.9		11,854,018	75.0		
9/30/00		59,693,454		65,871,242		6,177,788		90.6		12,120,752	51.0		
9/30/01		58,154,932		66,253,096		8,098,164		87.8		10,773,220	75.2		
9/30/02		57,402,504		68,250,392		10,847,888		84. I		10,902,873	99.5		
9/30/03		57,557,323		73,253,459		15,696,136		78.6		10,730,847	146.3		

^{*} Using market value excluding health benefit, special retirement, and endowment reserves



Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Employer Contributions September 30, 2004

The schedule of employer contributions is as follows:

	Ν.	Municipal		eclassification			Percentage
Year Ended		Service		from Endowment		ual Required	Contributed
September 30	Co	Contribution		Reserve**		ontribution	(Percent)
1999	\$	581,527	\$	1,688,139	\$	2,269,666	100
2000		422,488		1,588,651		2,011,139	100
2001		447,954		1,564,375		2,012,329	100
2002		437,575		1,652,101		2,089,676	100
2003		444,947		1,638,469		2,083,416	100
2004		488,459		1,796,657		2,285,116	100

^{**} The endowment reserve represents prepaid employer contributions deposited by the City during the year ended September 30, 1990.

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of September 31, 2003, the latest actuarial valuation, follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age - Municipal services
	Aggregate - General and police and fire

Amortization method Level percent, closed

Remaining amortization period 22 years - General and police and fire divisions 13 years - Municipal services division

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.5%
Projected salary increases*** 4.5% - 9.6%
***Includes inflation at 4.5%



Note to Required Supplemental Information September 30, 2004

Note - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds, except that operating and reimbursing transfers and sales of fixed assets have been included in the "revenue" and/or "expenditure" categories, rather than as "other financing sources (uses)." All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The annual budget is prepared by the City management and adopted by the City Council; subsequent amendments are approved by the City Council.

The budget process is initiated in March, when the departments are given information and guidelines to assist them in formulating their budget requests. The department heads summarize departmental appropriation requests and submit them to the mayor, on or before June I. During the month of June, the mayor reviews the appropriation requests, meets with the departments, and puts together the budget. The budget is submitted to the City Council in early July. During the next month, the City Council reviews the budget and considers any changes. After a public hearing, the final budget is adopted by resolution no later than September 30.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the department level.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered. During the current year, the City amended the budget after year end.

Following is a reconciliation of the budget statement of the General Fund and other major funds to the operating statement:

	Budget Statement		Operating Transfers		Retirement System Contributions		Reimbursements from Other Funds		Operating Statement	
General Fund:	·			_						_
Total revenue	\$	14,874,729	\$	2,025,215	\$	666,643	\$	(1,533,445)	\$	16,033,142
Total expenditures		15,158,435		-		666,643		(1,533,445)		14,291,633
Major Streets Fund - Total expenditures		1,280,971		(310,104)		-		-		970,867
Local Streets Fund - Total revenue	_	1,546,335		(310,104)					_	1,236,231
Total	\$	32,860,470	\$	1,405,007	\$	1,333,286	\$	(3,066,890)	\$	32,531,873



Note to Required Supplemental Information September 30, 2004

Note - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - During the year, the City of Wyandotte, Michigan incurred expenditures that were in excess of the amounts budgeted, as follows:

	 Budget	Actual
Local Streets Fund - Public works	\$ 1,588,218	\$ 2,291,670

The variance in the Local Streets Fund was the result of construction projects originally budgeted to be expended in other funds being assumed by the Local Streets Fund.



Other Supplemental Information



City of Wyandotte, Michigan

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds									
						Urban				
	Equ	ipment and		rug Law	D	evelopment				Public
	Re	placement	Enforcement		Action Grant		Grants		lm	provement
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	627,003	\$	95,980	\$	360,725	\$	158,559	\$	157,309
Receivables:										
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest and other		245		-		-		-		-
Note receivable		-		-		218,131		-		-
Due from other governmental units		-		-		60,000		62,750		-
Accounts receivable from component units		-		-		26,100		-		_
Long-term interfund receivable		-		-		1,231,548		-		-
Due from other funds		24,016		-		-		-		450
Real estate inventory					_	150,230	_			44,237
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	651,264	\$	95,980	<u>\$</u>	2,046,734	\$	221,309	\$	201,996
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	153,449	\$	1,999	\$	127	\$	15,723	\$	21,468
Due to other funds		-		808		151,002		66,610		-
Accounts payable to component units		-		-		-		-		_
Deferred revenue						218,131		62,750		
Total liabilities		153,449		2,807		369,260		145,083		21,468
Fund Balances										
Reserved:										
Noncurrent interfund receivable		-		-		1,231,548		-		-
Construction and other expenditures		-		93,173		-		76,226		-
Unreserved	_	497,815			_	445,926				180,528
Total fund balances		497,815		93,173	_	1,677,474		76,226		180,528
Total liabilities and										
fund balances	\$	651,264	\$	95,980	\$	2,046,734	\$	221,309	<u>\$</u>	201,996

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2004

Nonmajor Nonmajor Debt Capital Projects Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Service Fund Fund Southgate-Building Total Nonmajor Wyandotte Sidewalk and Authority **DPS** Building Governmental Drain O&M Alley Paving Special Events Improvement Bonds Construction **Funds** \$ 2,421,115 \$ 648,614 \$ 410,795 547,624 \$ 127,482 \$ 316,265 \$ 5,871,471 198,540 219,951 21,411 978,514 978,514 74,422 7,953 105,616 22,816 180 218,131 122,750 26,100 1,231,548 531,731 20,073 342,380 24,571 943,221 194,467 **\$ 3,174,202 \$ 1,743,034 \$** 410,975 \$ 897,957 152,053 316,265 9,911,769 40,231 \$ 39,501 \$ 7,637 \$ 1,122 \$ 281,257 409,519 191,099 200,000 200,000 594,338 1,008,995 7,953 1,892,167 794,338 1,207,731 40,231 9,075 39,501 2,782,943 1,231,548 2,379,864 152,053 276,764 2,978,080 370,744 535,303 888,882 2,919,198 2,379,864 152,053 276,764 535,303 370,744 888,882 7,128,826



\$ 9,911,769

316,265

897,957

152,053

410,975

\$ 3,174,202 \$ 1,743,034

City of Wyandotte, Michigan

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds									
						Urban				
	Equ	ipment and		Orug Law	D	evelopment				Public
		placement		forcement		ction Grant		Grants	lmp	rovement
Revenue										
Property taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Federal grants	•	94,500	•	5,591	•	_	7	535,079	•	_
State grants and distributions		-				_		4,328		_
Interest		44,851		538		81,933		-		1,326
Other		-		30,141	_	50,426		-		156,130
Total revenue		139,351		36,270		132,359		539,407		157,456
Expenditures										
General government		-		-		15,000		18,945		-
Public safety		-		43,827		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		344,549		152,646
Capital outlay and other		737,953		-		112,660		-		-
Debt service and bond issuance costs			_		_					
Total expenditures		737,953		43,827	_	127,660		363,494		152,646
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)										
Expenditures		(598,602)		(7,557)		4,699		175,913		4,810
Other Financing Sources - Operating										
transfers in		448,928	_		_					
Net Change in Fund Balance		(149,674)		(7,557)		4,699		175,913		4,810
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning of year		647,489		100,730	_	1,672,775		(99,687)		175,718
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	497,815	\$	93,173	\$	1,677,474	\$	76,226	\$	180,528

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2004

Nonmajor Nonmajor Debt Capital Projects Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Service Fund Fund Building Southgate-Total Nonmajor Wyandotte Sidewalk and Authority **DPS** Building Governmental Drain O&M Alley Paving Special Events **Bonds** Construction **Funds** Improvement \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 812,405 577,807 234,598 808,113 96,286 76,657 4,328 32,054 25,412 4,739 4,412 235 1,511 197,011 46,138 259,943 300,465 843,243 706,147 235 1,511 382,805 264,682 304,877 2,665,100 25,000 78,000 41,252 178,197 43,827 19,789 516,984 1,102,570 376,047 75,684 345,259 2,750,173 462,388 462,388 1,127,570 97,789 386,511 376,047 462,388 75,684 3,951,569 (421,423)285,016 (71,170)(1,286,469)(121,829)(462, 153)(74, 173)485,482 934,410 285,016 (71,170)(421,423)(121,829)23,329 (74, 173)(352,059)2,801,287 250,287 492,573 960,052 128,724 350,937 7,480,885 \$ 2,379,864 535,303 370,744 888,882 152,053 276,764 \$ 7,128,826



Federal Awards
Supplemental Information
September 30, 2004



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Wyandotte

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Wyandotte for the year ended September 30, 2004 and have issued our report thereon dated January 7, 2005. Those basic financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Wyandotte. Our responsibility was to express an opinion on those basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the City of Wyandotte taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and reconciliation of basic financial statements federal revenue with schedule of expenditures of federal awards are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information in these schedules has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

January 7, 2005







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Report Letter on Compliance with Laws and Regulations and Internal Control - Basic Financial Statements

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Wyandotte

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Wyandotte as of and for the year ended September 30, 2004 and have issued our report thereon dated January 7, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Wyandotte's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

During the current year, the City of Wyandotte levied a millage to support the operations of the Southgate Wyandotte Drainage District, a segment of the combined sewer system. The City of Wyandotte has attempted, but has been unable to identify the statutory or constitutional provisions that authorize the levy of this millage.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Wyandotte's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.



To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Wyandotte

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

January 7, 2005





27400 Northwestern Highway P.O. Box 307 Southfield, MI 48037-0307 Tel: 248.352.2500 Fax: 248.352.0018 plantemoran.com

Report Letter on Compliance with Laws and Regulations and Internal Control - Major Federal Awards

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Wyandotte

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Wyandotte with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-I33 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2004. The major federal program of the City of Wyandotte is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the City of Wyandotte's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Wyandotte's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Wyandotte's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Wyandotte's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Wyandotte complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2004.



To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Wyandotte

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Wyandotte is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Wyandotte's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

January 7, 2005



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2004

Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Project/Grant Number	Award Amount	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development -				· _ '
Passed through Urban Community Development				
Block Grant - Wayne County, Michigan:				
2004 program year	14.218	Project #30	\$ 264,000	\$ 212,131
2003 program year	14.218	Project #30	239,000	106,900
2002 program year	14.218	Project #30	289,000	130,768
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				449,799
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency -				
Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	BF-96531101-0	1,000,000	-
U.S. Department of Justice: Juvenile Accountability Block Grant (JABG) -				
Passed through the Family Independence Agency (FIA):	14 500	1486		2.050
2004 program year	16.523 16.523	JABG JABG	6,613 6,613	3,950 2,200
2003 program year	16.523	JABG	0,013	2,200
Total Juvenile Accountability Block Grant				6,150
Community Oriented Policing Service (COPS) Grant - Passed through the Downriver Community Conference -				
2003CKWX0298	16.710		60,207	53,783
Federal Equitable Sharing Program	I 6.unknown	N/A	1,380	1,380
Total U.S. Department of Justice				61,313
U.S. Department of Agriculture -				
Passed through the Michigan Department of				
Natural Resources - Forest, Mineral, and Fire Management:				
Emerald Ash Borer (EAB) Tree Planting Grant	10.664	EAB 04-53	12,500	12,500
Urban and Community Forestry Grant	10.664	CFG 04-25	4,000	4,000
Toal U.S. Department of Agriculture				16,500
U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency -				
Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program (AFG) -				
2003 program year	83.554	EMW-2002-FG-15609	94,500	91,662
Total federal awards				\$ 619,274



Reconciliation of Basic Financial Statements Federal Revenue with Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2004

Revenue from federal sources - As reported on financial statements (includes all funds)	\$	898,298
Federal revenue not reported in the financial statements:		
EAB Tree Planting Grant		12,500
MDOT		9,327
Juvenile Accountability Block Grant		1,234
Community Development Block Grant		52,062
Federal revenue reported in the financial statements, not expended in current per	riod:	
FEMA - Assistance to Firefighters Grant		(2,838)
Federal Equitable Sharing Program		(4,211)
Community Development Block Grant		(163,586)
FEMA - Catch Basins		(96,286)
Juvenile Accountability Block Grant		(1,242)
MDOT		(85,984)
Federal expenditures per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$	619,274



Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2004

Note I - Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Wyandotte and is presented on the same basis of accounting as the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Noncash Assistance

The value of the noncash assistance received was determined in accordance with the provisions of OMB Circular A-133.

Summary of Noncash Assistance - The grantee received the following noncash assistance during the year ended September 30, 2004 that is not included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

	CFDA			
Federal Program	Number	Description	Ar	mount
U.S. Department of Agriculture - Passed through Wayne Metropolitan Community Services Agency	10.569	U.S.D.A. Food Distribution	\$	18,820

Note 3 - Subrecipient Awards

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, federal awards were provided to subrecipients as follows:

		Α	mount	
	CFDA	Provided to		
Federal Program Title	Number	mber Subrecipien		
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	\$	3,000	



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2004

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified				
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No				
Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No				
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major program(s):				
Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No				
Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None reported				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program(s): Unqualified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133? Yes X_No				
Identification of major program(s):				
CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
14.218 Community Development Block Grant				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes X No				



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2004

Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings

None

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings

None







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February 17, 2004

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wyandotte 3131 Biddle Avenue Wyandotte, MI 48192

Dear Mayor and Council Members:

We have recently completed our audit of the financial statements for the City of Wyandotte for the year ended September 30, 2003. As a result of our audit, we offer the following observations and comments for your consideration:

STATE REVENUE SHARING

The City has and will continue to feel the effects of the slow down in the State's economy. State shared revenue accounted for approximately 24% of the City's total General Fund revenue for fiscal year ended September 30, 2003. This is down from the fiscal year ending 2000 state shared revenue receipts which equated to approximately 30% of the General Fund's revenue at that time. Because of slower than anticipated growth in the State's sales tax collections (the sole source of revenue sharing payments to local units of government) and the State's budget problems which have resulted in additional appropriation reductions to the revenue sharing line item in the State's budget, revenue sharing payments for the State's fiscal years ending September 30, 2002 and 2003 were less than originally projected.

The recent Governor's Executive Order 2003-23 lowered the appropriation for statutory revenue sharing an additional \$72 million. Supplemental legislation will be required to update the current formulas in statute to reflect the lower appropriation. Under existing law and the October 2003 Consensus Revenue Estimates, fiscal year 2003/2004 revenue sharing payments would be 4.2% lower than the 2002/2003 level. The Executive Order increases that decline another 5 percent, to 9.2%. Local units receive revenue sharing under both the statutory and constitutional provisions; that estimate is based on a reduction of the combined total.

As you have already been made aware, the City of Wyandotte's forecasted revenue sharing for fiscal year 2004 is approximately \$3.525,000. The impact that these cuts in revenue sharing by the State have had on the City resulted in a reduction in revenue sharing of approximately \$875,000 between fiscal year 2000 and fiscal year 2004.

It is generally acknowledged that the State's budget woes will continue for several more years. As a result, we continue to urge the City to be conservative in its estimation of state shared revenue as this line item in the State's budget remains vulnerable.



STATE REVENUE SHARING (Continued)

With the major changes in revenue sharing occurring, we realize that the City is regularly seeking information on projected future revenue sharing payments. To assist the City in projecting state shared revenue payments, the Michigan Department of Treasury website is located at http://www.treas.state.mi.us/apps/findrevshareinfo.asp.

CONTINUED PLANNING

The situation related to the reduction in state shared revenue is made even more tenuous given the other economic factors affecting the City's finances currently and in the near future. These factors would include the measured growth of property tax revenue, decreased investment returns, increasing healthcare and employee benefit costs, potential City funding of retiree health and life insurance premiums and other items. These items have the potential of giving rise to a situation where the growth in the increase in expenditures will outpace the growth in revenues for an extended period of time. We would encourage the City to continually review its long range financial plans through the use of the five year plan model that has been developed.

NEW FINANCIAL STATEMENT FORMAT

Over the last several years, we have been discussing with you the new accounting standard that will significantly impact the format of the City's financial statements. This new standard, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, is now here! You will notice a very different look to the financial statements this year. Preparing for this new reporting model has been a long and arduous process for the City's finance department. The information that was previously provided in your financial statements has been retained in the new financial statement format. In addition, the following major items have been added:

- Management Discussion and Analysis: Management now provides a narrative overview of the City's overall financial position and results of operations in the annual financial report.
- Government-wide Financial Statements: These additional statements adjust the
 normal fund-based statements into a combined, full-accrual format. This allows a
 financial statement reader to see the City from a longer term perspective (i.e. are
 today's taxpayers paying the full cost of today's services?). These statements show
 capital and infrastructure assets, as well as long term debt as part of the City's
 financial picture.
- Budget Comparison: A financial statement reader will now be able to view not only the actual revenue and expenditures of the City as compared to the amended budget, but also as compared to the original budget.

While getting used to the new format may take a while, the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of the new reporting format, as mentioned above, provides an overview of the City's finances, and highlights the significant financial events of the fiscal year.

We would be happy to discuss any questions you may have about the new statements and how to best interpret the information provided.



FUND DEFICIT

At September 30, 2003 the City's Grants Fund was in a deficit. This was primarily due to the timing of submissions of reimbursement requests with the County related to the Community Development Block Grant program. We recommend the City review its policies related to reimbursement request to ensure that future requests are filed timely.

PURCHASING CARD POLICY

There is currently a purchasing card in the City's name that is used for purchases of supplies. However, the council has not passed a resolution authorizing purchasing card purchases. We would encourage the City to adopt a council resolution related to this matter. We could provide the City with a sample policy.

Also related to the use of the purchasing card, the custodians of the card also have the authority to review the appropriateness of charges and remit payment on the bills. We would recommend that these duties be separated.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING ITEMS

State Budget Act

Under the State Budget Act all amendments to the City's budget are required to be passed prior to the end of the fiscal year. Related to the fiscal year ended September 2003, there were budget amendments that were passed in October of 2003.

Another aspect of the Budget Act dictates that expenditures are not to exceed budgeted amounts. There were occurrences of the actual expenditures exceeding budgeted amounts for the current fiscal year.

We would encourage the City to adopt timely, up-to-date budget amendments so as to comply with the State Budget Act in both of the above aspects on a go forward basis.

Property Tax Distributions

During the audit, we noted that property taxes are being distributed to other governmental units approximately every other month during tax collection seasons. This schedule is less frequent than the schedule dictated by the State of Michigan. We recommend the City review the State guidelines and statutes for tax distributions and revise internal policies to ensure the City is in compliance with the required timeframe.

ACH Transfer Policy

The Council previously passed a resolution related to the adoption of an ACH (electronic funds) transfer policy. Included in that policy are provisions for information related to transfers (date, amount, nature of payment) to be submitted to the Mayor and Council, and for such information to be retained within the general ledger software system. It was noted during the audit that this provision is not being consistently adhered to. We would recommend that adopted policies related to ACH transfers be followed.



Investment Reports

Public Act 196 of 1997 requires local units of government to adopt an investment policy. In addition, the Act requires that the "investment officer annually provide a written report to the governing body concerning the investment of funds." While the City has adopted an investment policy and appears to be complying with the policy, an annual report has not been provided to Council. We recommend the City review this procedure to ensure compliance with Act 196.

We would like to again thank Mayor Sabuda, Mr. Drysdale, and the entire Finance and Treasury Department staff for their preparedness, cooperation, and assistance during the audit. We would be happy to answer any questions or concerns you have regarding the annual financial report and the above comments and recommendations at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

PLANTE & MORAN, PLLC

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Gordon E. Krater

Blake M. Roe

